

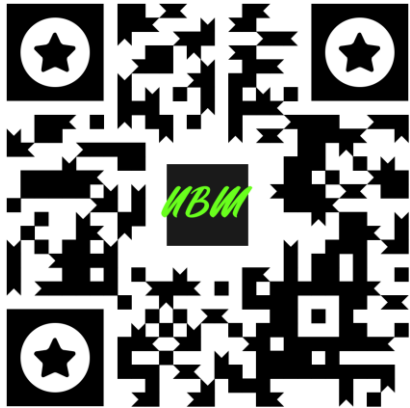
# MATHEMATICS

## Topic: ALGEBRA, EQUATIONS, AND INEQUALITIES GRADE 10

CAPS ALIGNED

SIMPLIFY EXPRESSIONS

[www.nbmmaths.co.za](http://www.nbmmaths.co.za)



## Simplify- GRADE 10 Exercises - A

DBE/NOVEMBER 2015

1.2 Simplify the following expressions fully:

1.2.1  $\frac{3}{a-4} + \frac{2}{a+3} - \frac{21}{a^2-a-12}$

1.2.2  $\frac{10^{2x+3} \cdot 4^{1-x}}{25^{2+x}}$

Solutions

$$\begin{aligned} 1.2.1 \quad & \frac{3}{(a-4)} + \frac{2}{(a+3)} - \frac{21}{(a^2-a-12)} \\ & = \frac{3}{(a-4)} + \frac{2}{(a+3)} - \frac{21}{(a-4)(a+3)} \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{3}{(a-4)} \times \frac{(a+3)}{(a+3)} + \frac{2}{(a+3)} \times \frac{(a-4)}{(a-4)} - \frac{21}{(a-4)(a+3)}$$

$$= \frac{3(a+3) + 2(a-4) - 21}{(a-4)(a+3)}$$

$$= \frac{3a+9+2a-8-21}{(a-4)(a+3)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & = \frac{5a-20}{(a-4)(a+3)} = \frac{5(a-4)}{\cancel{(a-4)}(a+3)} \\ & = \frac{5}{(a+3)} \end{aligned}$$

## Simplify- GRADE 10 Exercises - A

DBE/NOVEMBER 2015

1.2 Simplify the following expressions fully:

1.2.1  $\frac{3}{a-4} + \frac{2}{a+3} - \frac{21}{a^2 - a - 12}$

1.2.2  $\frac{10^{2x+3} \cdot 4^{1-x}}{25^{2+x}}$

Solution

1.2.2 
$$\frac{10^{2x+3} \cdot 4^{1-x}}{25^{2+x}}$$

$$= \frac{(5 \times 2)^{2x+3} \cdot (2^2)^{1-x}}{(5^2)^{2+x}}$$

$$= \frac{5^{2x+3} \cdot 2^{2x+3} \cdot 2 \cdot (1-x)}{5^{2(2+x)}}$$

$$= \frac{5^{2x+3} \cdot 2^{2x+3} \cdot 2^{-2x}}{5^{4+2x}}$$

$$= 5^{2x+3 - (4+2x)} \cdot 2^{2x+3 + 2 - 2x}$$

$$= 5^{2x+3-4-2x} \cdot 2^5 = 5^{-1} \cdot 32 = \frac{32}{5}$$

## Simplify- GRADE 10 Exercises - B

DBE/NOVEMBER 2016

1.2 Simplify the following:

1.2.1  $\frac{2^{a+1} - 2^{a-1}}{2^a}$

1.2.2  $\frac{x^2 - x + 1}{x^3 + 1} \div \frac{2x}{2x + 2}$

Solution

$$1.2.2 \frac{(x^2 - x + 1)}{(x^3 + 1)} \div \frac{2x}{(2x + 2)}$$

$$= \frac{\cancel{(x^2 - x + 1)}}{(x + 1)\cancel{(x^2 - x + 1)}} \times \frac{(2x + 2)}{2x}$$
$$= \frac{1}{\cancel{(x + 1)}} \times \frac{\cancel{2}(x + 1)}{\cancel{2}x}$$
$$= \frac{1}{x}$$

## Simplify- GRADE 10 Exercises - C

DBE/NOVEMBER 2017

1.3 Simplify the following completely:

1.3.1  $(2y+3)(7y^2-6y-8)$

1.3.2  $\frac{3}{x^2-9} + \frac{2}{(x-3)^2}$

1.3.3  $\frac{3^t-3^{t-2}}{2 \cdot 3^t-3^t}$

Solution

$$\begin{aligned}
 1.3.1 \quad & (2y+3)(7y^2-6y-8) \\
 &= 2y(7y^2-6y-8) + 3(7y^2-6y-8) \\
 &= 14y^3 - 12y^2 - 16y + 21y^2 - 18y - 24 \\
 &= 14y^3 + 9y^2 - 34y - 24
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 1.3.2 \quad & \frac{3}{x^2-9} + \frac{2}{(x-3)^2} \\
 &= \frac{3}{(x-3)(x+3)} + \frac{2}{(x-3)^2} \\
 &= \frac{3}{(x-3)(x+3)} \times \frac{(x-3)}{(x-3)} + \frac{2}{(x-3)^2} \times \frac{(x+3)}{(x+3)} \\
 &= \frac{3(x-3) + 2(x+3)}{(x-3)^2(x+3)} \\
 &= \frac{3x-9+2x+6}{(x^2-3)(x+3)} \\
 &= \frac{(5x-3)}{(x^2-3)(x+3)}
 \end{aligned}$$

## Simplify- GRADE 10 Exercises - C

DBE/NOVEMBER 2017

1.3 Simplify the following completely:

1.3.1  $(2y+3)(7y^2-6y-8)$

1.3.2  $\frac{3}{x^2-9} + \frac{2}{(x-3)^2}$

1.3.3  $\frac{3^t - 3^{t-2}}{2 \cdot 3^t - 3^t}$

Solution

$$1.3.3 \quad \frac{3^t - 3^{t-2}}{2 \cdot 3^t - 3^t}$$

$$= \frac{3^t - 3^t \cdot 3^{-2}}{2 \cdot 3^t - 3^t}$$

$$2 \cdot 3^t - 3^t$$

$$= \frac{\cancel{3^t} (1 - 3^{-2})}{\cancel{3^t} (2 - 1)}$$

$$= \frac{1 - \frac{1}{3^2}}{1}$$

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{9} = \frac{9}{9} - \frac{1}{9} = \frac{9-1}{9} = \frac{8}{9}$$

# ALGEBRA, EQUATIONS, AND INEQUALITIES - GRADE 10

## Exercises - D

DBE/NOVEMBER 2018

1.2 Simplify the following expressions fully:

1.2.1  $(x+2)(x^2-x+3)$

1.2.2  $\frac{5}{x+3} - \frac{3}{2-x}$

1.2.3  $\frac{25^{-x} \cdot 15^{x+1}}{3^x \cdot 5^{-x}}$

Solution

$$\begin{aligned} 1.2.1 & (x+2)(x^2-x+3) \\ &= x(x^2-x+3) + 2(x^2-x+3) \\ &= x^3 - x^2 + 3x + 2x^2 - 2x + 6 \\ &= x^3 + x^2 + x + 6 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 1.2.2 & \frac{5}{(x+3)} - \frac{3}{(2-x)} \\ &= \frac{5}{(x+3)} - \frac{3}{(x-2)} \\ &= \frac{5}{(x+3)} + \frac{3}{(x-2)} \\ &= \frac{5}{(x+3)} \times \frac{(x-2)}{(x-2)} + \frac{3}{(x-2)} \times \frac{(x+3)}{(x+3)} \\ &= \frac{5x - 10 + 3x + 9}{(x+3)(x-2)} \\ &= \frac{(8x - 1)}{(x+3)(x-2)} \end{aligned}$$

# ALGEBRA, EQUATIONS, AND INEQUALITIES - GRADE 10

## Exercises - D

DBE/NOVEMBER 2018

1.2 Simplify the following expressions fully:

1.2.1  $(x+2)(x^2 - x + 3)$

1.2.2  $\frac{5}{x+3} - \frac{3}{2-x}$

1.2.3  $\frac{25^{-x} \cdot 15^{x+1}}{3^x \cdot 5^{-x}}$

Solution

$$1.2.3 \quad \frac{25^{-x} \cdot 15^{x+1}}{3^x \cdot 5^{-x}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{(5^2)^{-x} \cdot (5 \times 3)^{x+1}}{3^x \cdot 5^{-x}} \\ &= \frac{5^{-2x} \cdot 5^{x+1} \cdot 3^{x+1}}{3^x \cdot 5^{-x}} \\ &= 5^{-2x+x+1+x} \cdot 3^{x+1-x} \\ &= 5^1 \cdot 3^1 \\ &= 15 \end{aligned}$$



END

$$e^{i\pi} + 1 = 0$$

Euler's Identity

## SOURCES

- 1. FET CAPS DOCUMENT**
- 2. GRADE 10 EXAMINATION GUIDELINES**
- 3. GRADE 10 DBE/NOVEMBER 2015 -2018**